HIGHWAY PATROL OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM of the STATE OF MONTANA

ACTUARIAL VALUATION as of June 30, 2008

Prepared by

Mark O. Johnson, FSA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

and

Patricia Ann Kahle, FSA, MAAA, EA Consulting Actuary





111 SW Fifth Avenue Suite 3700 Portland, OR 97204 USA

Tel +1 503 227 0634 Fax +1 503 227 7956

milliman.com

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Retirement Board Public Employees' Retirement Administration State of Montana

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have completed an actuarial valuation of the Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System as of June 30, 2008. Details about the actuarial valuation are contained in the following report. This report reflects the benefit provisions and contribution rates in effect on the valuation date.

Actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of analyzing the sufficiency of future contributions. Actuarial computations under GASB Statement No. 25 are for purposes of fulfilling financial accounting requirements. The computations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the Retirement Board's funding policies and GASB Statement No. 25. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, different determinations may be needed for other purposes.

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Respectfully submitted,

Mark O Johnson, FSA, MAAA

Consulting Actuary

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Patricia Ann Kahle, FSA, MAAA, EA Consulting Actuary

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ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATION

To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and contains sufficient information to fully and fairly disclose the funded condition of the Highway Patrol Officers' Retirement System as of June 30, 2008.

In preparing the valuation, we relied upon the financial information, membership data, and benefit provisions furnished by the System. Although we did not audit this data, we compared the data for this and the prior valuation and tested for reasonableness. Based on these tests, we believe the data to be sufficiently accurate for the purposes of our calculations. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations may need to be revised.

The Retirement Board has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions and methods used for the valuation of the System. The Board adopted all of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the 2008 valuation.

The findings have been determined according to actuarial assumptions and methods that were chosen on the basis of recent experience of the System and of current expectations concerning future economic conditions. In our opinion, the assumptions used in the actuarial valuation are appropriate for purposes of the valuation, are internally consistent, and reflect reasonable expectations. The assumptions represent our best estimate of future conditions affecting the System. Nevertheless, the emerging costs of the System will vary from those presented in this report to the extent that actual experience differs from that projected by the assumptions.

The actuarial valuation was prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the applicable Standards of Practice adopted by the Actuarial Standards Board of the American Academy of Actuaries. In addition, the assumptions and methods used meet the parameters set for disclosures by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25.

The undersigned are independent actuaries, Fellows of the Society of Actuaries, a Members of the American Academy of Actuaries, an Enrolled Actuary, and experienced in performing valuations for large public employee retirement systems.

Mark O. Johnson, FSA, MAAA Consulting Actuary Patricia Ann Kahle, FSA, MAAA, EA Consulting Actuary



SECTION 1 SCOPE OF THE REPORT

This report presents the results of our actuarial valuation of the System as of June 30, 2008. Actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of analyzing the sufficiency of future contributions.

A summary of the findings resulting from this valuation is presented in Section 2 of the report and the underlying calculations are summarized in more detail in Section 3.

All of the calculations of the valuation were carried out using certain assumptions as to the future experience of the System in matters affecting the actuarial cost. Section 4 summarizes the most important of these assumptions and describes the actuarial methods used to calculate costs.

Section 5 outlines the benefit provisions of the System.

The membership data which were supplied to us are summarized in Section 6.



Section 2 Summary of Findings and Analysis of the Funding Level

The costs of a retirement system are not determined by the actuary. The ultimate costs of a system are determined by adding all of the benefits and expenses that are paid, and subtracting all investment earnings. These costs cannot be determined exactly until the last member or beneficiary has received the final benefit payment due.

The purpose of an actuarial valuation is to provide a timely best estimate of the ultimate costs in order to allocate them to the appropriate generation of members and taxpayers. The ideal goal is for contributions to remain essentially a constant percentage of covered payroll as long as the assumptions and methods reflect the emerging experience of the system and its members with reasonable accuracy.

MEMBERSHIP DATA

We have developed the following comparisons between the membership in this and the prior actuarial valuations:

	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007
Number of Members		-
Retirees and Beneficiaries	290	284
Vested Terminated	13	14
Non-vested Terminated	7	8
Active	<u>212</u>	<u>204</u>
Total Membership	522	510

More detailed membership statistics are shown in Section 6.

DETERMINATION OF NORMAL COST

The **Normal Cost** represents the cost assigned to an average member for a given year such that it would meet the continuing costs of that particular benefit, if contributed each year starting with the date of membership. The Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method is designed to produce a Normal Cost that remains a level percentage of salaries, so it is best expressed as a rate.

The following chart shows the Normal Cost from the 2007 valuation compared to the Normal Cost in this valuation. **TABLE 1** provides more details on the Normal Cost.



	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Normal Cost Rate		
Service Retirement	17.94%	17.95%
Disability Retirement	.78	.78
Death	1.02	1.04
Withdrawal	<u>2.51</u>	<u>2.54</u>
Total Normal Cost Rate	22.25%	22.31%

The Normal Cost Rate is expected to remain fairly stable as long as the benefits are not amended, experience emerges as assumed, the demographic characteristics of the membership remain reasonably consistent, and the actuarial assumptions are not changed.

DETERMINATION OF THE ACTUARIAL LIABILITY

The next step in the actuarial valuation process is to project all future benefit payments from the System for current members and retirees. The level of benefits currently being paid is known, but assumptions are needed to estimate how long they will be paid, and the amount and timing of the payment of future benefits for active and inactive members who are not currently receiving payments.

The summation of the discounted values of all of the projected benefit payments for all current members, at the assumed rate of return, is called the **Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits**. Details are shown in **TABLE 2** and summarized below.

(\$000)	 2008 ctuarial aluation	_	2007 Actuarial aluation
Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits			
Retired Members Inactive Members	\$ 95,758 637	\$	92,621 567
Active Members	 59,708		54,846
Total Value of Projected Benefits	\$ 156,103	\$	148,034

The **Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs** is the value of all remaining Normal Costs expected to be received over the future working lifetime of current active members. The Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs is subtracted from the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits to arrive at the **Actuarial Liability**, the assets that would exist if the current Normal Cost Rate had been paid for all members since entry into the System, and if all actuarial assumptions had been realized. The following is a summary from **TABLE 2**.



(\$000)	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Actuarial Present Value of:		
Projected Benefits Future Normal Costs	\$ 156,103 21,420	\$ 148,034 <u>19,728</u>
Actuarial Liability	\$ 134,683	\$ 128,306

DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

The next step in the valuation process is to calculate the **Actuarial Value of Assets** that will be used to determine the funding status of the System. The market value of assets was reported to us as of June 30, 2008. However, because the underlying calculations in the actuarial valuation are long-term in nature, it is advantageous to smooth out short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets.

The asset smoothing method projects an Expected Value of Assets using the assumed rate of investment return, then recognizes the difference between the Expected Value and the Market Value over a four-year period. The calculation of the Actuarial Value of Assets is shown in **TABLE 3** and summarized below.

(\$000)	Gain or (Loss)	Reserve Factor	Smoothing Reserve	Value of Assets
Market Value on June 30, 20	08			\$ 96,275
2005-06	818	25%	204	
2006-07	8,819	50%	4,409	
2007-08	(13,118)	75%	(9,838)	
Smoothing Reserve			\$ (5,225)	5,225
Actuarial Value of Assets				\$ 101,500

UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY OR ACTUARIAL SURPLUS

The **Unfunded Actuarial Liability** is the excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets, which represents a liability that must be funded over time. Contributions in excess of the Normal Cost are used to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Liability.



An **Actuarial Surplus** exists if the Actuarial Value of Assets exceeds the Actuarial Liability. The calculation of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability or Actuarial Surplus is shown in **TABLE 4** and summarized below.

(\$000)	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Actuarial Liability Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 134,683 	\$ 128,306 <u>95,758</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Liability or (Actuarial Surplus)	\$ 33,183	\$ 32,548
Funded Ratio – Actuarial Value	75%	75%
Funded Ratio – Market Value	71%	80%

The **Funded Ratio** is equal to the Actuarial Value of Assets divided by the Actuarial Liability. A Funded Ratio of 100% means the Actuarial Value of Assets equals the Actuarial Liability, and the System could be financed by contributions equal to the Normal Cost, if all future experience emerges as assumed.

A Funded Ratio over 100% indicates the System has an Actuarial Surplus.

ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

Comparing the Unfunded Actuarial Liability as of two valuation dates does not provide enough information to determine if there were actuarial gains or losses. The correct comparison is between the Unfunded Actuarial Liability on the valuation date and the Expected Unfunded Actuarial Liability projected from the prior valuation date using the actuarial assumptions in effect for the one-year period.

TABLE 5 shows the Actuarial Liability as of June 30, 2007, and the elements to project that figure forward to June 30, 2008: the Normal Cost, less benefits paid, plus a charge for interest at the assumed rate of 8% per year. The same table shows the Actuarial Value of Assets as of June 30, 2007, and the elements to project that figure forward to June 30, 2008: The net cash flow (contributions less benefits and expenses), plus a charge for interest at the assumed rate of 8%.



The following is a summary of the actuarial gains or losses during the one-year period.

	(\$000)
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Actual as of June 30, 2007	\$ 32,548
Expected as of June 30, 2008 Actual as of June 30, 2008	\$ 31,964 33,183
Actuarial (Gain) or Loss	\$ 1,219
(Gain) or Loss by Source	
Investment Loss	\$ 287
Liability Loss	<u>932</u>
Net from All Sources	\$ 1,219

The liability loss includes \$473,000 in salaries different than expected, \$348,000 due to new participants, and \$111,000 in other losses.

CALCULATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATE

The statutory funding rate is tested in the valuation to determine if it is sufficient to cover the Normal Cost Rate plus an amortization payment for the Unfunded Actuarial Liability, if any, over no more than 30 years. The calculations are shown in **TABLE 6** and summarized below.

Rates as a Percentage of Active Member Payroll	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Statutory Funding Rate Normal Cost Rate	45.38% 22.25	45.38% 22.31
Available for Amortization	23.13%	23.07%
UAL (Surplus) (\$000)	\$33,183	\$32,548
Years to Amortize	17.4	19.1
Rate of Amortization	23.13%	23.07%
Calculated Contribution Rate		
Normal Cost Rate Rate of Amortization	22.25% <u>23.13</u>	22.31% 23.07
Total Contribution Rate	45.38%	45.38%

Based on the assumptions contained in this report, the current statutory funding rate of 45.38% of payroll is sufficient to fund the current and projected benefits from the System.



DISCLOSURE INFORMATION - GASB No. 25

The disclosure of the Schedule of Funding Progress calculated in accordance with Statement No. 25 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and is shown in **Tables 7 and 8**.

The Annual Required Contribution is equal to the Statutory Funding Rate of 45.38% for the 2007-08 fiscal year because the statutory funding rate met the parameters of Statement No. 25 in the previous valuation.

CALCULATIONS BASED ON THE MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

MCA 19-2-407, as amended by HB No. 771, requires this report to show how market performance is affecting the actuarial funding of the Retirement System. The June 30, 2008 market value of assets is \$5.2 million less than the actuarial value of assets due to a negative 4.9% market return in the year ended June 30, 2008. If the market value of assets was used, the amortization period would be 21.5 years, and the funded ratio would be 71%.



Summary of Key Valuation Results

		2008 Valuation	2007 Valuation	Percentage Change
1.	Total Membership			
	 A. Active Members B. Vested Terminated Members C. Non-vested Terminated Members D. Retired Members and Beneficiaries 	212 13 7	204 14 8	3.9% -7.1% -12.5%
	E. Total Membership	<u>290</u> 522	<u>284</u> 510	2.1% 2.4%
2.	Annual Salary			
	A. Annual Total (\$Thousands)	\$ 11,026	\$ 10,161	8.5%
	B. Annual Average per Active Member	\$ 50,505	\$ 48,392	4.4%
3.	Average Annual Allowance Payable			
	A. Service Retirement	\$ 25,308	\$ 24,324	4.0%
	B. Disability Retirement	\$ 18,672	\$ 17,808	4.9%
	C. Survivors & Beneficiaries	\$ 16,332	\$ 15,792	3.4%
	D. All Payees	\$ 22,939	\$ 22,123	3.7%
4.	Actuarial Liability (\$Thousands)			
	A. Active Members	\$ 38,288	\$ 35,118	9.0%
	B. Inactive Members	637	567	12.3%
	C. Retired Members and BeneficiariesD. Total	95,758 \$ 134,683	92,621 \$ 128,306	3.4% 5.0%
5.	Value of System Assets (\$Thousands)	Ψ 10 1,000	Ψ 120,000	0.070
J.	A. Fair Value	\$ 96,275	\$ 102,801	-6.3%
	B. Smoothing Reserve	φ 00,270 <u>5,225</u>	(7,043)	0.070
	C Actuarial Value	\$ 101,500	\$ 95,758	6.0%
	D. Ratio of Actuarial Value to Fair Value	105%	93%	
6.	Funded Status			
	A. Unfunded Actuarial Liability (\$Thousands)	\$ 33,183	\$ 32,548	2.0%
	B. Less, PCR-UAL	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	0.0%
	C. Net Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ 33,183	\$ 32,548	2.0%
	D. Funded Ratio (5C ÷ 4D)	75%	75%	
	E. Net Funded Ratio (5C ÷ (4D+6B))	75%	75%	
7.	Contribution Rates (percent of salaries)			
	A. Statutory Funding Rate	45.38%	45.38%	0.0%
	B. Less, Transfer to DB Ed Fund	0.00%	0.00%	0.0%
	C. Net Statutory Contribution Rate	45.38%	45.38%	0.0%
	D. Normal Cost Rate	22.25%	<u>22.31%</u>	-0.3%
	E. Available for Amortization of UAL (7C – 7D)	23.13%	23.07%	0.3%
	F. Period to Amortize	17.4	19.1	_
	G. Projected 30-Year Level Funding Rate	16.27%	17.32%	-6.1%
	H. Projected Shortfall (Surplus) (7G – 7C)	(6.86)%	(5.75)%	19.3%



Section 3 Actuarial Valuation Results

The following tables document the findings of the actuarial valuation.

TABLE 1	NORMAL COSTS
TABLE 2	SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL REQUIREMENTS
ΓABLE 3	ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS
TABLE 4	UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY OR ACTUARIAL SURPLUS
TABLE 5	ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES
ΓABLE 6	CALCULATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATE
ΓABLE 7	SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS
TABLE 8	SOLVENCY TEST



TABLE 1 NORMAL COSTS

	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Normal Cost Rate		
Service Retirement	17.94%	17.95%
Disability Retirement	.78	.78
Death	1.02	1.04
Withdrawal	2.51	2.54
Total Normal Cost Rate	22.25%	22.31%
Annual Normal Cost (\$000)	\$ 2,454	\$ 2,255
Present Value of Future Normal Costs (\$000)	\$ 21,420	\$ 19,728



TABLE 2
SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL REQUIREMENTS

(\$000)	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation	
Retired Members			
Service Retirement	\$ 78,028	\$ 75,934	
Disability Retirement	5,956	5,536	
Beneficiaries	11,774	<u>11,151</u>	
Retired Member Total	\$ 95,758	\$ 92,621	
Inactive Members	\$ 637	\$ 567	
Active Members			
Service Retirement	\$ 53,945	\$ 49,517	
Disability Retirement	1,755	1,610	
Pre-retirement Death	1,655	1,525	
Withdrawal	2,353	2,194	
Active Member Total	\$ 59,708	\$ 54,846	
Present Value of Future Projected Benefits	\$ 156,103	\$ 148,034	
Present Value of Future Normal Costs	21,420	19,728	
Actuarial Liability	\$ 134,683	\$ 128,306	



TABLE 3 ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

(\$000)

Fiscal Year	Cash Flow	Expected Value	Gain or (Loss)	Market Value
2004-05				83,767
2005-06	(2,422)	87,950	818	88,768
2006-07	(1,814)	93,982	8,819	102,801
2007-08	(1,569)	109,393	(13,118)	96,275
Fiscal Year	Gain or (Loss)	Reserve Factor	Smoothing Reserve	
2005-06	818	25%	204	
2006-07	8,819	50%	4,409	
2007-08	(13,118)	75%	(9,838)	
			\$ (5,225)	
Fair Market Va	ilue on June 30, 200	8	\$ 96,275	
Less, Asset Si	Less, Asset Smoothing Reserve			
Actuarial Value of Assets on June 30, 2008		\$ 101,500		



Table 4
Unfunded Actuarial Liability or Actuarial Surplus

(\$000)	2008 Actuarial Valuation	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Actuarial Value		
Actuarial Liability	\$ 134,683	\$ 128,306
Actuarial Value of Assets	101,500	95,758
Unfunded Actuarial Liability or (Actuarial Surplus)	\$ 33,183	\$ 32,548
Funded Ratio (AV)	75%	75%
Market Value		
Actuarial Liability	\$ 134,683	\$ 128,306
Market Value of Assets	96,275	102,801
Unfunded Actuarial Liability or (Actuarial Surplus)	\$ 38,408	\$ 25,505
Funded Ratio (MV)	71%	80%



TABLE 5 ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

(\$000)	Expe	ected	Actual	•	ain) or Loss
2007 Actuarial Liability Normal Cost Benefits Paid Expected Earnings at 8% Actuarial Liability	\$ 128,306 2,255 (6,889) 10,079	\$ 133,751	\$ 134,683	\$	932
2007 Actuarial Value of Assets Net Cash Flow Expected Earnings at 8%	\$ 95,758 (1,569) 7,598			Ψ	
Actuarial Value of Assets Unfunded Actuarial Liability or (Actuarial Surplus) as of June 30, 2008		<u>101,787</u> \$ 31,964	<u>101,500</u> \$ 33,183	\$	1,219
Summary Actuarial (Gain) or Loss b	y Source				
Investment (Gain) or Loss Liability (Gain) or Loss				\$	287
Salary (Gain) or Loss			473		
New Participant (Gain) or Los	ss		348		
Other (Gain) or Loss			111		
Total Liability (Gain) or Loss					932
Total Actuarial (Gain) or Loss				\$	1,219



TABLE 6
CALCULATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATE

	2008 Actuarial Valuation*	2007 Actuarial Valuation
Statutory Funding Rate		
Members (average)	9.05%	9.05%
Employers	26.15	26.15
State	10.18	10.18
Total	45.38%	45.38%
Normal Cost Rate	22.25	22.31
Funding Rate Available for Amortization	23.13%	23.07%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus) (\$000)	\$ 33,183	\$ 32,548
Years to Amortize	17.4	19.1
Rate of Amortization Contribution or (Credit)	23.13%	23.07%
Calculated Contribution Rate		
Normal Cost Rate	22.25%	22.31%
Amortization Payment	23.13%	23.07%
Total Calculated Rate	45.38%	45.38%

^{*} The numbers above are based on the actuarial value of assets. Based on market assets, the amortization period at June 30, 2008 would be 21.5 years. The information in this footnote is provided in accordance with MCA 19-2-407, to show how market performance is affecting the actuarial funding of the retirement system.



DISCLOSURE INFORMATION - GASB No. 25

TABLE 7 SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2000	77,810	76,397	102	(1,413)	6,952	(20)
June 30, 2002	81,734	94,850	86	13,116	7,536	174
June 30, 2004	79,104	104,069	76	24,965	7,844	318
June 30, 2005	82,050	112,938	73	30,888	9,104	339
June 30, 2006	87,189	112,002	78	24,813	7,878	315
June 30, 2007	95,758	128,306	75	32,548	9,858	330
June 30, 2008	101,500	134,683	75	33,183	10,866	305

TABLE 8 SOLVENCY TEST (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

	(1)	(2)	(3)		Co	verage Ra	atios
Actuarial Valuation Date	Active Member Accounts	Inactive Actuarial Liability	Employer Financed Active Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	(1)	(2)	(3)
June 30, 2000	6,174 ⁽¹⁾	57,422	12,801	77,810	100	100	111
June 30, 2002	6,797	68,800	19,253	81,734	100	100	32
June 30, 2004	6,914	76,936	20,219	79,104	100	94	0
June 30, 2005	6,981	80,701	25,256	82,050	100	93	0
June 30, 2006	7,321	83,954	20,728	87,189	100	95	0
June 30, 2007	8,049	93,187	27,070	95,758	100	94	0
June 30, 2008	8,796	96,395	29,492	101,500	100	96	0

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Prior to 2000, "active member accounts" included Regular Contributions without interest for active and inactive members. Beginning in 2000, "active member accounts" includes Regular and Additional Contributions with interest, and excludes all accounts of inactive members.



Section 4 ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

This section of the report describes the actuarial methods and assumptions used in this valuation. These methods and assumptions have been chosen by the Retirement Board based on our recommendations. The Retirement Board has the sole authority to select the methods and assumptions used in this actuarial valuation. The recommendations were formed on the basis of recent experience of the System and on current expectations as to future economic conditions.

The assumptions are intended to estimate the future experience of the System and the members of the System in areas which affect the projected benefit flow and anticipated investment earnings. Any variations in future experience from that expected from these assumptions will result in corresponding changes in the estimated costs of the System's benefits.

In our opinion, the current actuarial methods and assumptions are reasonable and appropriate for this System. The assumptions were developed in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices that are consistent with applicable Standards of Practice adopted by the American Academy of Actuaries.

RECORDS AND DATA

The data used in the valuation consist of financial information and records of age, service and income of contributing members, former contributing members and their survivors. All of the data were supplied by the System and are accepted for valuation purposes without audit.

ACTUARIAL COST METHOD

A fundamental principle in financing the liabilities of a retirement program is that the cost of its benefits should be related to when they are earned, rather than when they are paid. There are a number of methods in use for making a determination.

The funding method used in this valuation is the Entry Age Cost Method. Under this method the actuarial present value of projected benefits for each individual member included in the valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages. The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called the Normal Cost. The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future Normal Costs is called the Actuarial Liability.

The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets is called the Unfunded Actuarial Liability. If the Actuarial Value of Assets exceeds the Actuarial Liability, the difference is called the Actuarial Surplus.



ASSET VALUATION METHOD

Asset values were supplied by the System and were accepted without audit by us. The Actuarial Value of Assets is the market value, adjusted by a four-year recognition of gains and losses.

AMORTIZATION METHOD

The amount of the statutory contribution rate in excess of the Employer's normal cost is the level percentage of payroll available to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability. The amortization period is the resulting number of years necessary to fully amortize an unfunded actuarial liability with the available contributions. The calculation of the amortization period assumes future growth in payroll of 4.25% per year.

INVESTMENT RETURN

The future investment earnings of the assets of the plan are assumed to accrue at a net annual rate of 8.00%, net of all administrative and investment-related expenses.

Interest on Member Contributions

Interest on member contributions is assumed to accrue at a net annual rate of 5.00%.

FUTURE SALARIES

Estimates of future salaries are based on two types of assumptions. Rates of increase in the general wage level of the membership are directly related to inflation, while individual salary changes due to promotion and longevity, referred to as the merit scale, occur even in the absence of inflation. The assumed increase in future salaries due to general wage growth is 4.25% per year. The merit scale, assumed in addition to general wage growth, is shown below.

Service	Merit Scale		
1	7.3%		
2	5.6		
3	4.4		
4	3.5		
5	2.8		
6	2.2		
7	1.7		
8	1.3		
9	1.0		
10	0.7		
11-15	0.4		
16-20	0.2		
After 20	0.0		



MORTALITY

The probabilities of mortality are based on the following published tables. We further assume that 70% of all deaths from active membership status are duty-related.

Healthy Retirees and Non-Retired Members

Males 1994 Male Uninsured Pensioner Table (–1) Females 1994 Female Uninsured Pensioner Table

Disabled Retirees

Males 1994 Male Uninsured Pensioner Table (+3) Females 1994 Female Uninsured Pensioner Table (+2)

Beneficiaries

Males 1994 Male Uninsured Pensioner Table (-1) Females 1994 Female Uninsured Pensioner Table (-1)

	Healthy I	Members	Benefi	ciaries	Disabled	Retirees
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
50	0.250%	0.154%	0.250%	0.141%	0.385%	0.186%
55	0.428	0.247	0.428	0.224	0.677	0.314
60	0.762	0.477	0.762	0.415	1.234	0.627
65	1.391	0.929	1.391	0.819	2.135	1.157
70	2.336	1.476	2.336	1.367	3.355	1.775
75	3.661	2.439	3.661	2.192	5.399	3.050
80	6.007	4.236	6.007	3.802	8.872	5.285
85	9.636	7.284	9.636	6.557	13.654	9.035
90	14.995	12.502	14.995	11.247	21.333	15.266
95	23.194	20.023	23.194	18.352	30.675	23.619

SERVICE RETIREMENT

The assumed rates of retirement used in this valuation are shown below.

Age	w/ 20 Yrs
Under 50	12%
50 - 54	16
55	15
56	15
57	15
58	15
59	15
60 & over	100



All vested terminated members are assumed to retire when first eligible for an unreduced benefit.

DISABLEMENT

The assumed rates of disablement are illustrated below at specified ages. We further assume that 10% of all disabilities are duty-related. We also assume that all disabilities are permanent, and no disabled member will recover and return to work.

Age	Male	Female
22	-	-
27	0.10%	0.10%
32	0.10	0.10
37	0.10	0.10
42	0.40	0.40
47	0.40	0.40
52	0.40	0.40
57	0.40	0.40
62	0.00	0.00

OTHER TERMINATIONS OF MEMBERSHIP

The assumed rates of termination, other than for retirement, death, or disability, are shown in the following table.

Service	All Members
0	15%
1	10
2	10
3	10
4	5
5-9	5
10-14	3
15 & over	1



The probability of a terminating member electing a refund of the member account balance is shown in the following table.

Age at Termination	Non-Vested	Vested
Under 35	100%	70%
35 - 39	100	60
40 - 44	100	40
45 - 49	100	40
50 & over	100	_

PROBABILITY OF MARRIAGE

100% of all non-retired members are assumed to be married. Male spouses are assumed to be four years older than female spouses.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Made for this Valuation

The following method and assumptions were revised since the last valuation:

Actuarial Methods

♦ None

Economic Assumptions

♦ None

Demographic Assumptions

♦ None



Section 5 Summary of Benefit Provisions

All of the calculations contained in this report are based on our understanding of the benefit and eligibility provisions of the system. The provisions used in this valuation are summarized below for reference purposes.

Normal Retirement Eligibility: 20 years or more of membership service

regardless of age.

Benefit: Years of service credit, multiplied by

highest average compensation, multiplied by

2.50%.

Normal Form: Monthly benefit for the life of the member, with full

benefits continuing to the surviving spouse or dependent children upon the death of the member.

Early Retirement Eligibility: 5 years of membership service and discontinued

from service other than for cause.

Benefit: Actuarial Equivalent of accrued benefit based on a

retirement age of 60.

Disability Retirement Eligibility: Service disablement

Benefit: Minimum of 50% of highest average compensation.

Eligibility: Non-service disablement

Benefit: Actuarial equivalent of accrued benefit based on a

retirement age of 60.

Death before Retirement Eligibility: Service death

Benefit: 50% of highest average compensation, less

benefits paid from workers' compensation.

Eligibility: Non-service death

Benefit: Actuarial equivalent of accrued benefit based on

a retirement age of 60.



Termination Benefit Eligibility: Prior to 5 years of membership service

Benefit: Return of member's accumulated contributions.

Eligibility: 5 years of membership service

Benefit: Either (a) or (b) below:

(a) Return of member's accumulated contributions interest, or

(b) Actuarial equivalent of the accrued benefit based on a retirement age of 60.

Benefit Adjustments

Eligibility: Retired members and beneficiaries.

Benefit: Either (a) or (b) below, as elected:

(a) An annual adjustment (GABA) of 3%, commencing January 1st one year after

retirement, or

(b) 2% per year of service of the base salary of

a probation officer, but not to exceed an

increase of 5% per year.

Lump Sum: For non-GABA members retired prior to

July 1, 1991, an additional lump sum payment limited to the increase in the Consumer Price

Index.

Contributions Members: Either (a) or (b) below:

(a) 9.00% of member's compensation if hired

prior to July 1, 1997, or

(b) 9.05% for members hired after June 30,

1997 and those electing GABA.

Employers: 36.33% of member's compensation.



Section 6 Summary of Membership Data

The following tables depict the participant data that was used in the valuation. Table 9 is a history of participant characteristics for the System. Table 10 displays the distribution of Active Members by age and service showing average annual salaries. Table 11 is a distribution of the retirees by age, showing average monthly benefits. Table 12 is a distribution of Vested Inactive Members by age.

TABLE 9
MEMBERSHIP HISTORY

	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2002
Active Members						
Number	212	204	197	201	194	194
Average Age	39.7	40.0	39.7	39.1	39.2	38.9
Average Service	9.6	9.8	9.6	9.3	9.7	9.8
Average Salary	\$50,505	\$48,392	\$39,582	\$43,223	\$38,669	\$37,518
Inactive Members						
Service Retirement	208	206	202	202	202	194
Disability Retirement	21	20	20	19	19	19
Survivors	61	58	60	55	53	52
Vested Deferred	13	14	13	10	8	7
Non-vested Terminated	_7	<u>8</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>13</u>
Total Inactive Members	310	306	306	295	293	285
Total Membership	522	510	503	496	487	479

Notes:

- (1) Beginning in 2000, service retirements exclude members who originally retired on a disability, and beneficiaries of members who died after retirement.
- (2) Beginning in 2000, disability retirements include all members who originally retired on a disability, regardless of their current age.
- (3) Beginning in 2000, survivors include beneficiaries of members who died after retirement, as well as beneficiaries of members who died prior to retirement.



TABLE 10 DISTRIBUTION OF ACTIVE MEMBERS

Age	Years of Service									
	Under 5		5 to 9		10 to 14		15 to 19			
	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary		
Under 25	3	42,594	_	_	_	_	_	_		
25-29	19	44,683	1	44,703	_	_	_	_		
30-34	18	44,760	11	48,762	_	_	_	-		
35-39	11	44,512	19	49,492	19	51,849	1	64,414		
40-44	5	44,859	14	48,795	14	51,512	17	58,421		
45-49	7	40,828	6	52,069	6	54,522	11	54,717		
50-54	2	46,090	2	51,909	3	50,834	7	53,958		
55-59	_	-	_ 1	48,955	-	-	1	51,723		
60-64	_	_		-	_	_	1	53,182		
65-69	_	_	_	_	_	_	· -	-		
70 & over										
Totals	65	44,221	54	49,440	42	52,046	38	56,370		
Age	_			Years of	Service					
	20 to	o 24	25 to	25 to 29		30 & Up		All Years		
	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary	Number	Average Salary		
Under 25							3	42,594		
25-29	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	44,684		
30-34	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	46,278		
35-3 4 35-39	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	49,590		
40-44	2	60,671	-	-	-	-	50 52	52,752		
40-44 45-49	5	65,011	-	_	-	_	35	52,752		
50-54	2	74,068	2	60,544	_	_	18	55,302		
55-59	2	59,662	2	00,544	-	-	4	55,000		
60-64	_	59,002	-	_	_	_	1	53,182		
65-69	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	55,162		
70 & over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
10 & OVEI				-	-					
Totals	11	64,896	2	60,544	-	-	212	50,505		



TABLE 11
DISTRIBUTION OF RETIRED MEMBERS

Age	Service Retirees		Disabled Retirees		Survivors	
	Number	Average Monthly Benefit	Number	Average Monthly Benefit	Number	Average Monthly Benefit
Under 40	-	-	1	1,657	3	952
40-44	-	-	4	1,464	1	2,698
45-49	7	2,447	1	1,638	2	965
50-54	6	2,351	3	1,555	-	-
55-59	30	2,466	6	1,687	3	1,136
60-64	44	2,459	1	1,479	8	1,561
65-69	42	2,202	3	1,459	5	1,147
70-74	36	1,803	1	1,479	13	1,581
75-79	25	1,537	1	1,405	10	1,306
80-84	11	1,759	-	-	5	1,411
85-89	5	1,451	-	-	6	1,300
90-94	1	1,479	-	-	3	1,060
95-99	1	1,373	-	-	2	1,136
100 & over	-				-	
TOTALS	208	2,109	21	1,556	61	1,361

Table 12
Distribution of Vested Inactive Members

Age	Number
Under 30	-
30-34	2
35-39	3
40-44	1
45-49	3
50-54	3
55-59	-
60-64	-
65-69	-
70 & over	1
Total	13

